In re Application of: Yair EIN-ELI et al

Serial No.: 10/551,714 Filed: July 20, 2006

Office Action Mailing Date: November 4, 2009

Examiner: PARVINI Pegah Group Art Unit: 1793 Confirmation No. 6188

Attorney Docket: 30579

In the claims:

1. (Currently amended) A composition useful for the formation of a

passivating layer on a surface, the surface including more than 5% copper by weight,

the composition comprising a solution which has a pH equal to or greater than that

ranges from 9 to 13, having an oxidation potential sufficient to oxidize the surface to

form copper oxides and being devoid of a film-forming agent, a copper complexing

agent and/or ammonium cations, wherein neither copper nor said copper oxides are

soluble in the composition.

2. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein the

surface includes more than 10% copper by weight.

3. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein the

surface includes more than 20% copper by weight.

4. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein the

surface includes more than 40% copper by weight.

5. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein the

surface includes more than 50% copper by weight.

6. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein the

surface includes more than 80% copper by weight.

7. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein said

oxidation potential is lower than P<sub>pH</sub> volt relative to a saturated calomel reference

electrode, where

 $P_{pH} = -0.05 \times pH + 0.425$ 

pH being said pH of the composition.

In re Application of: Yair EIN-ELI et al

Serial No.: 10/551,714 Filed: July 20, 2006

Office Action Mailing Date: November 4, 2009

Examiner: PARVINI Pegah Group Art Unit: 1793 Confirmation No. 6188

Attorney Docket: 30579

8. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein said pH is

between 9 and 10 and said oxidation potential is lower than -0.05 volt relative to a

saturated calomel reference electrode.

9. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein said pH is

between 10 and 11 and said oxidation potential is lower than -0.1 volt relative to a

saturated calomel reference electrode.

10. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein said pH is

between 11 and 12 and said oxidation potential is lower than -0.15 volt relative to a

saturated calomel reference electrode.

11. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein said pH is

between 12 and 13 and said oxidation potential is lower than -0.2 volt relative to a

saturated calomel reference electrode.

12. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein said

oxidation potential is lower than a saturated calomel reference electrode by an

oxidation potential selected from the group consisting of -0.2 volt, -0.15 volt, -0.10

volt, -0.05 volt, 0.0 volt, 0.05 volt, 0.10 volt, 0.15 volt, 0.20 volt, 0.25 volt, 0.3 volt,

0.35 volt, 0.40 volt, 0.45 volt, 0.50 volt, 0.55 volt, 0.60 volt, 0.65 volt and 0.7 volt.

12.5. (Canceled)

13. (Original) The composition of claim 1, comprising

a) a cation selected from the group of alkaline metal cations and alkaline earth

metal cations; and

b) an anion of a weak acid.

14. (Original) The composition of claim 13, wherein said cation is selected

from the group consisting of Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Rb<sup>+</sup>, Cs<sup>+</sup>, Be<sup>2+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Sr<sup>2+</sup> and Ba<sup>2+</sup>.

In re Application of: Yair EIN-ELI et al

Serial No.: 10/551,714 Filed: July 20, 2006

Office Action Mailing Date: November 4, 2009

Examiner: PARVINI Pegah Group Art Unit: 1793 Confirmation No. 6188

Attorney Docket: 30579

15. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 13, wherein said

weak acid has a pKa greater than 0.

16. (Original) The composition of claim 13, wherein said anion is selected

from the group consisting of acetate, adipate, bicarbonate, bisulfate, carbonate,

chloroacetate, citrate, crotonoate, cyanate, glutarate, dihydrogen phosphate, hydrogen

phosphate, hydrogen sulfate, hydroxide, d-lactate, l-lactate, d-malate, l-malate,

maleate, d-mandelate, l-mandelate, malonate, oxalate, permanganate, phosphate,

hydrogen phthalate, phthalate, propanoate, succinate, sulfanilate, sulfate, d-tartarate

and 1-tartarate.

17. (Original) The composition of claim 13, wherein said cation is K<sup>+</sup> and

said anion is carbonate.

18. (Original) The composition of claim 13, wherein said cation is Cs<sup>+</sup> and

said anion is carbonate.

19. (Original) The composition of claim 13, further comprising an

oxidizing agent.

20. (Original) The composition of claim 19, wherein said oxidizing agent

is selected from the group consisting of phenols, peroxides, permanganates,

chromates, iodates, iron salts, aluminum salts, sodium salts, potassium salts,

phosphonium salts, chlorates, perchlorates, persulfates and mixtures thereof.

21. (Original) The composition of claim 19, wherein said oxidizing agent

is selected from the group consisting of phenol, KMnO<sub>4</sub>, KIO<sub>3</sub>, KBrO<sub>3</sub>, K<sub>3</sub>Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>,

K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, HOCl, KOCl and KMgO<sub>4</sub>.

22. (Original) The composition of claim 19, wherein said oxidizing agent

is KMnO<sub>4</sub>.

In re Application of: Yair EIN-ELI et al

Serial No.: 10/551,714 Filed: July 20, 2006

Office Action Mailing Date: November 4, 2009

Examiner: PARVINI Pegah Group Art Unit: 1793 Confirmation No. 6188

Attorney Docket: 30579

23-25. (Canceled)

26. (Original) The composition of claim 1, comprising abrasive particles.

27. (Original) The composition of claim 26, wherein said abrasive particles

are metal oxides.

28. (Original) The composition of claim 27, wherein said metal oxide is

selected from the group consisting of oxides of aluminum, cerium, germanium,

silicon, titanium, zirconium and mixtures thereof.

29. (Original) The composition of claim 26, wherein said abrasive particles

are chosen from the group comprising SiO<sub>2</sub>, CeO<sub>2</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SiC, Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> and Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

30. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 26, wherein said

abrasive particles comprise between 1% and 30% by weight of the composition.

31. (Withdrawn) A method of forming a passivating layer on a surface, the

surface including more than 5% copper by weight, the method comprising contacting

the surface with the composition of claim 1.

32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein said surface includes

more than 10% copper by weight.

33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein said surface includes

more than 20% copper by weight.

34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein said surface includes

more than 40% copper by weight.

In re Application of: Yair EIN-ELI et al

Serial No.: 10/551,714 Filed: July 20, 2006

Office Action Mailing Date: November 4, 2009

Examiner: PARVINI Pegah Group Art Unit: 1793 Confirmation No. 6188

Attorney Docket: 30579

35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein said surface includes

more than 50% copper by weight.

36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein said surface includes

more than 80% copper by weight.

37. (Withdrawn) A method for the preparation of a composition useful for

the formation of a passivating layer on a surface, the surface including more than

about 5% copper by weight, comprising preparing a solution having a pH equal to or

greater than about 9 and having an oxidation potential sufficient to oxidize the surface

to form copper oxides, wherein neither copper nor said copper oxides are substantially

soluble in the composition.

38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein said oxidation potential

is more positive than a saturated calomel reference electrode by an oxidation potential

selected from the group consisting of -0.2V, -0.15V, -0.10V, -0.05V, 0.0V, 0.05V,

0.10V, 0.15V, 0.20V, 0.25V, 0.3V, 0.35V, 0.40V, 0.45V, 0.50V, 0.55V, 0.60V,

0.65V and 0.7V.

38.5. (Canceled)

39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, comprising

a) providing a solution comprising water;

b) adding to said solution a cation selected from the group consisting of

alkaline metal cations and alkaline earth metal cations and an anion of a weak acid in

an amount so that the pH of said solution is equal to or greater than about 9; and

c) adding to said solution an oxidizing agent so that the oxidation potential of

said solution is more positive than about P<sub>pH</sub> V relative to a saturated calomel

reference electrode, where

 $P_{pH} = -0.05 \times pH + 0.425$ 

In re Application of: Yair EIN-ELI et al

Serial No.: 10/551,714 Filed: July 20, 2006

Office Action Mailing Date: November 4, 2009

Examiner: PARVINI Pegah Group Art Unit: 1793 Confirmation No. 6188

Attorney Docket: 30579

pH being the pH of said solution.

40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 39, wherein said oxidizing agent is

selected from the group consisting of phenols, peroxides, permanganates, chromates,

iodates, iron salts, aluminum salts, sodium salts, potassium salts, phosphonium salts,

chlorates, perchlorates, persulfates and mixtures thereof.

41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, further comprising adding

abrasive particles to said solution.

42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein said abrasive particles

are metal oxides.

43. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said metal oxide is

selected from the group consisting of oxides of aluminum, cerium, germanium,

silicon, titanium, zirconium and mixtures thereof.

44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein said abrasive particles

are chosen from the group comprising SiO<sub>2</sub>, CeO<sub>2</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SiC, Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> and Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein said abrasive particles

comprise between about 1% and 30% by weight of said solution.

46. (Withdrawn) A method of forming a passivating layer on a surface, the

surface including more than about 5% copper by weight, comprising contacting the

surface with a composition of claim 1.

47. (Withdrawn) A method for planarizing a surface, the surface including

more than about 5% copper by weight, comprising abrading the surface in the

presence of a composition of claim 1.

In re Application of: Yair EIN-ELI et al

Serial No.: 10/551,714 Filed: July 20, 2006

Office Action Mailing Date: November 4, 2009

Examiner: PARVINI Pegah Group Art Unit: 1793 Confirmation No. 6188

Attorney Docket: 30579

48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein the surface includes

more than about 10% copper by weight.

49. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein the surface includes

more than about 20% copper by weight.

50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein the surface includes

more than about 40% copper by weight.

51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein the surface includes

more than about 50% copper by weight.

52. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein the surface includes

more than about 80% copper by weight

53. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 12, wherein said

oxidation potential is lower than a saturated calomel reference electrode by an

oxidation potential of at least 0.0 volt.

54. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein said oxidation potential

is more positive than a saturated calomel reference electrode by an oxidation potential

of at least 0.0V.

55. (New) The composition of claim 1, consisting of:

a) a cation selected from the group of alkaline metal cations and alkaline earth

metal cations;

b) an anion of a weak acid;

c) abrasive particles; and

d) an oxidizing agent.

56. (New) The composition of claim 55, wherein said cation is selected

from the group consisting of Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Rb<sup>+</sup>, Cs<sup>+</sup>, Be<sup>2+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Sr<sup>2+</sup> and Ba<sup>2+</sup>.

In re Application of: Yair EIN-ELI et al

Serial No.: 10/551,714 Filed: July 20, 2006

Office Action Mailing Date: November 4, 2009

Examiner: PARVINI Pegah Group Art Unit: 1793 Confirmation No. 6188

Attorney Docket: 30579

57. (New) The composition of claim 55, wherein said weak acid has a pKa

greater than 0.

58. (New) The composition of claim 55, wherein said oxidizing agent is

selected from the group consisting of phenols, peroxides, permanganates, chromates,

iodates, iron salts, aluminum salts, sodium salts, potassium salts, phosphonium salts,

chlorates, perchlorates, persulfates and mixtures thereof.

(New) The composition of claim 55, wherein said abrasive particles are 59.

metal oxides.